

### 3 Steps to Choosing the Right Can Liner

#### 1. DETERMINE THE PROPER CAN LINER TYPE FOR YOUR APPLICATION

Three types of resins are commonly used in the manufacture of can liners: Linear Low-Density Polyethylene, High-Density Polyethylene, and Super Hexene.

##### High-Density:

- Provides substantial cost savings per liner
- An excellent choice for soft refuse (typical office, restroom, paper products, etc.)
- 3 times stronger and more durable than ordinary polyethylene liners of the same thickness

##### Linear Low Density:

- Most prevalent liner type features puncture and tear resistance; ideal for trash containing sharp objects

- Manufactured in a variety of colors, it is suitable for a wide range of applications

##### Super Hexene:

- Maximum strength, puncture and tear resistance
- Stronger than Linear Low Density
- Best for stretch and sharp objects

#### 2. DETERMINE THE CORRECT SIZE

The gallon capacity or the size is usually printed on the container itself.

If it is not, refer to the receptacle specification/ordering tables or the Measuring Guide for Correct Can Liner Size formulas (shown on this page) to determine the correct capacity and dimensions.

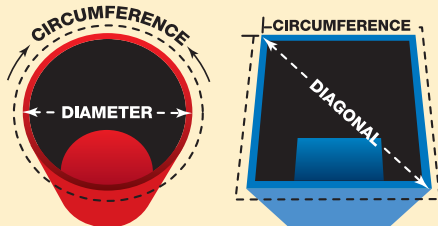
Ideally, you should have a 3" to 4" overhang on the trash receptacle.

#### 3. DETERMINE HOW MUCH WEIGHT THE LINER WILL NEED TO HOLD

You need to decide what the average weight of a full can liner will be in your environment.

Once you have arrived at the type, size, and weight capacity of the liner you will need, simply go to the liner ordering table under the type and size that you have determined in the first 2 steps. Go across the table to the column marked "Max. Load Rating", find the number closest to your average weight figure, and continue across to the corresponding Item No. of the proper can liner.

### Measuring Guide for Correct Can Liner Size



##### BAG WIDTH:

Use 1/2 of the outer circumference of the container.

##### BAG LENGTH:

Use the height of the container, plus 1/2 of the diameter of the container bottom, plus 3" (for overhang). For square or rectangular containers, use the diagonal of the container bottom, rather than the diameter.

##### USEFUL FORMULAS:

To convert mils to microns, multiply the mils by 25.4; or convert microns to mils by dividing microns by 25.4.

### High-Density Polyethylene Liners

- Extremely wide range of temperature resistance: -40° to 212°F
- Puncture resistant
- Star seal bottoms, no side seams to tear

These liners are 3 times stronger and more durable than ordinary polyethylene liners of the same thickness. They are also half the weight of traditional can liners of the same capacity and potentially reduce the amount of plastic placed in landfills.

##### CORELESS ROLLS

Convenient, easy-to-handle rolls allow efficient dispensing and inventory control.

##### FLAT PACKS

Stackable packs make storage easy. Convert quickly into convenient dispensers.

##### CLEAR LINERS

Help prevent pilferage of items that could otherwise be concealed by colored liners. Also allow easy visual identification of contents for recycling purposes. USDA and FDA approved for food storage.